



FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

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Utah Water Conditions Update

SALT LAKE CITY (Jan. 18, 2024) – Assessing Utah’s water conditions in mid-January reveals a unique narrative. While much of December witnessed scarce precipitation, the trajectory shifted with early January storms, bringing our [snowpack](#) to normal levels for much of the state.

“These fluctuations highlight the dynamic nature of our terrain and weather patterns,” Candice Hasenyager, director of the Division of Water Resources, said. “It’s imperative to stay aware and responsive to our changing water supply conditions to ensure the resilience of our water supply.”

Despite the dry December, [reservoirs](#) statewide stand at a robust 80%, a significant 23% higher than the usual levels for this time of year. This is due to the record-breaking snowpack last year. Our reservoirs continue to be vital in storing water for various needs. For the most part, reservoirs will likely stay near these levels until spring runoff.

“As we navigate the winter season, these dry and wet periods underscore the need for ongoing commitment to use less water and vigilance in water management,” Hasenyager said. “Water experts are monitoring these fluctuations and planning accordingly ahead of spring runoff.”

To encourage water conservation among Utahns, the Department of Natural Resources continues to promote initiatives such as the [Agricultural Optimization Program](#) for farmers and [SlowtheFlow.org](#) for residents. These programs aim to educate and incentivize water-saving practices, ensuring Utahns become more drought-resilient and prepare for future conditions.

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DIVISIONS

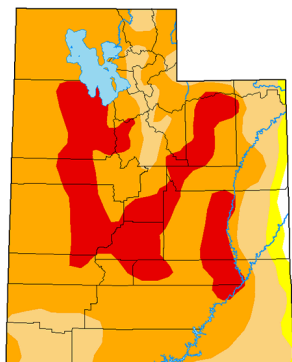


OFFICES



U.S. Drought Monitor
Utah

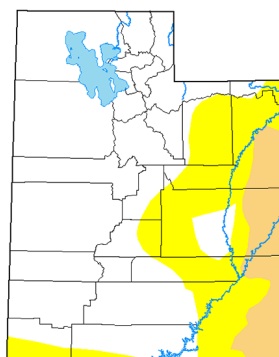
January 17, 2023



2022

U.S. Drought Monitor
Utah

January 16, 2024
(Released Thursday, Jan. 18, 2024)
Valid 7 a.m. EST



2023

Intensity:

- None
- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Moderate Drought
- D2 Severe Drought
- D3 Extreme Drought
- D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to <https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx>

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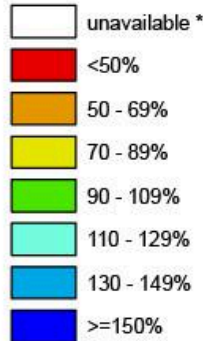


Graphic compares Utah's current drought situation to 2022. Currently, moderate drought covers 9% of the state. Last year at this time, 77% of the state was in severe drought.

Utah SNOTEL Current Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) % of Normal

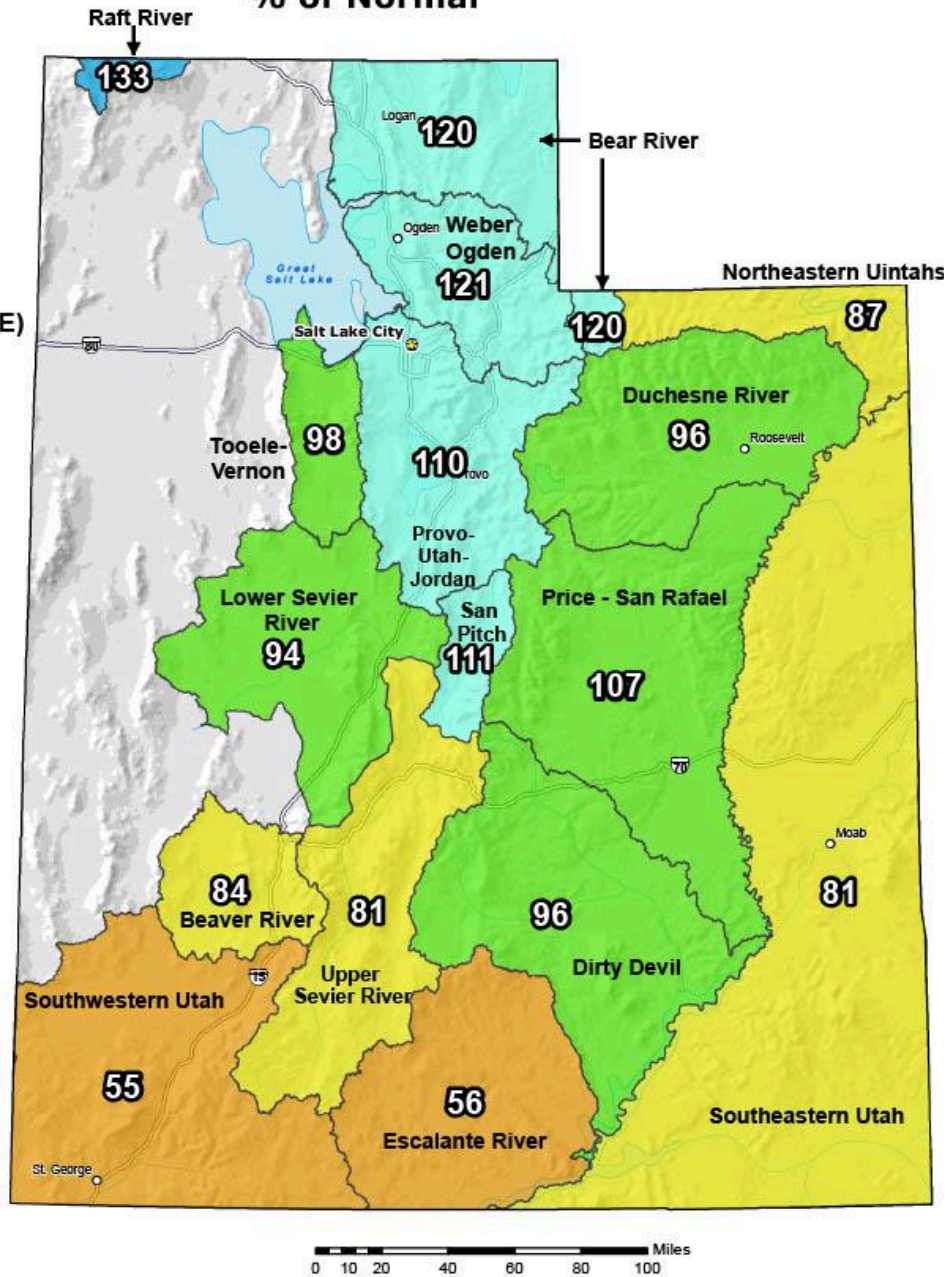
Jan 18, 2024

**Snow Water
Equivalent (SWE)
Basin-wide
Percent of
1991-2020
Median**



* Data unavailable at time
of posting or measurement
is not representative at this
time of year

*Provisional Data
Subject to Revision*

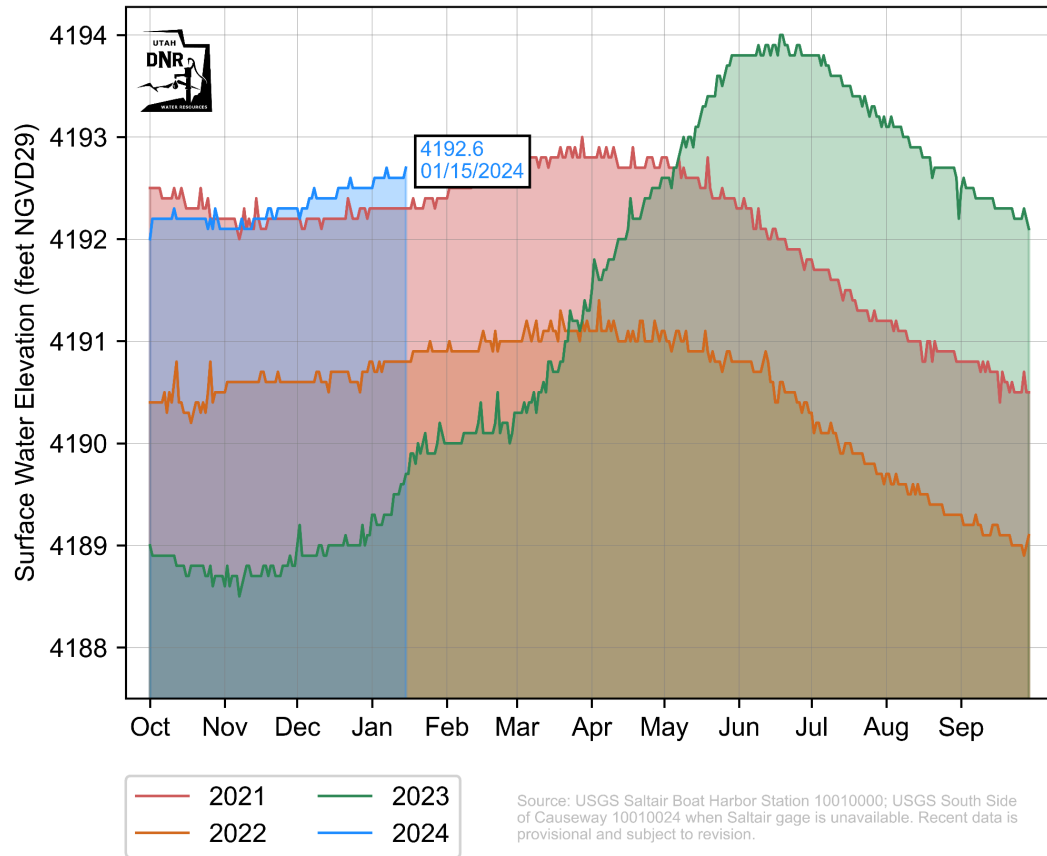


The snow water equivalent percent of normal represents the current snow water equivalent found at selected SNOTEL sites in or near the basin compared to the average value for those sites on this day. Data based on the first reading of the day (typically 00:00).

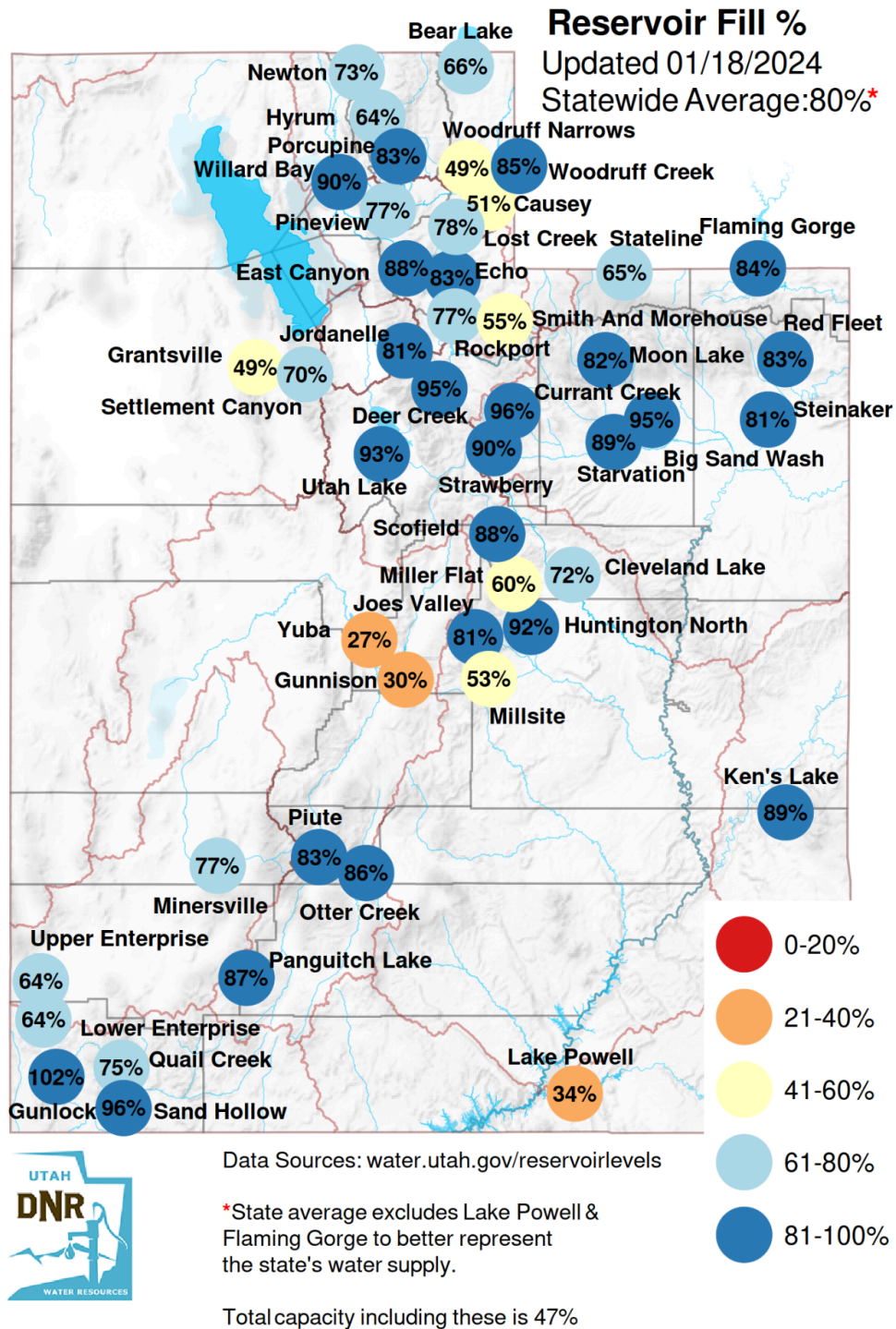
Prepared by:
USDA/NRCS National Water and Climate Center
Portland, Oregon
<https://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/wcc/home/>

[Source - NRCS](#)

Great Salt Lake South Arm Elevation



The graph shows Great Salt Lake levels since 2021. Great Salt Lake levels are likely to slowly increase until spring.



For more information, visit drought.utah.gov